

# The Topeka State Journal.

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TOPEKA, KANSAS, MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 10, 1894.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.

## FRIENDLY TO POPS.

Thomas B. Reed Sees Great Possibilities

In Encouraging Kolb and Other Southern Populists.

## TO BE A GUARDIAN

And Friend to Them in Their Present Adversity.

Will Be His Policy as Speaker of the House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—Thomas B. Reed and his friends are in active correspondence with the new Southern Populist and Republican leaders. They are encouraging the new school to absorb the old Republican machine. The negro is becoming less every day as a campaign issue in the north, but Reed believes that he can be turned to advantage as a voter in the south. He doesn't want a black Republican party in the south, but he wants the new school of Republican politicians to hold on to a fair share of the black vote, but to avoid making black supremacy an issue.

This is the reason why William Pitt Kellogg and other old-time leaders of Southern Radicalism are not taking kindly to the freed boom. Reed's scheme if successful would deprive southern delegations of most of their monetary value at Republican national conventions. Reed is audacious, progressive, adventurous and will be apt to make things interesting in the south during the next two years.

Mr. Reed and his acute and far-seeing side partner, Senator Loya, are entirely familiar with the condition of the south, and they will spare no effort to annex these conditions to Reed's presidential boom. Populists from southern states contesting for seats in the next house of representatives may be certain of a patient, sympathetic hearing. Reed will miss no opportunity to be a protector, guardian and friend of a southern Pop. He believes that the Populists of the south are Republicans in a chrysalis state, and that by '96 they will have progressed to their natural condition. Reed looks upon the western Populists as a species of socialists or communists, somewhat indoctrinated with anarchy, and he has no sympathy with them, but, as was said before, he considers a southern Pop of entirely a different breed.

## JERRY SIMPSON'S DEFEAT.

He Tells Congressmen at Washington About It.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10.—Jerry Simpson has arrived. He says:

"I attribute my defeat to the large emigration out of the counties bordering on the Cherokee strip into the new country when it was opened for settlement. Eighteen thousand moved out of the counties which, in 1892, gave me a majority, and there was a falling off of 13,000 votes in my district. The Republicans lost but 4,000. That explains why I was not returned to congress.

"Politically it has no significance. Aside from the gates our party has made it should be remembered that we are thoroughly organized. Our facilities for circulating campaign literature are perfect.

"My future, politically, will depend upon my health. The Lord preserved me to witness the great Democratic landslide. I am growing more conservative in my prophecies of what the future may bring forth. The wind bloweth where it listeth. The Democrats are under today.

"It seems to me there is room for a party that will embrace the common people and advocate their principles. It may be the Populist party or not. I cannot but believe the Populist party is the nucleus, and a Jeffersonian party will spring up and take the place of the Democratic party of today, which, as now organized, has shown that it is utterly incapable of managing the affairs of the country."

## BUYS A MOUNTAIN.

C. P. Huntington Pays \$1,000,000 for the Iron Mountain at Durango.

MONTECLA, Dec. 10.—It is given out here that C. P. Huntington has bought the great iron mountain at the city of Durango, and that he will establish extensive iron and steel works there. This mountain is the largest known body of iron in the world. The purchase price is placed at \$1,000,000.

The Mexican International railroad, one of Huntington's properties, runs through Durango.

## MONEY AND MEN FOR WAR.

President Diaz Receives Many Offers, but Doesn't Think They Will be Needed.

MEXICO CITY, Mex., Dec. 10.—President Diaz is receiving many offers of men, money, etc., in case of war with Guatemala, all of which he replies with thanks, saying he does not believe there will be need of going to war. It is said that a lot of material is now at the wharf at Mazatlan awaiting transportation to Oaxaca.

## ONE TRUST BUYS ANOTHER

Standard Oil Company Practically Has Control of Sugar Stock.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—The story is told that the Standard oil people have practically bought control of the sugar stock and that this fact influenced the declaration of the 3 per cent dividend last week and prevented the publication of the statement originally intended to be given out by the directors.

Remember sale, supper and entertainment at the First Presbyterian church Wednesday, December 12th.

See Dr. Leonard's lecture advertisement on fourth page.

## GRAND JURY STILL SITS.

Although Judge Hazen Recommends That They Adjourn.

There is an apparent lack of harmony between Judge J. E. Hazen and the grand jury. Judge Hazen called the jury under protest, and now that the jurors have completed the fifth week of their session he thinks they ought to adjourn. The judge is powerless, however, to do anything more than recommend, for the only way to adjourn a grand jury is for it to adjourn itself. But Judge Hazen used his authority to recommend strongly. When the grand jury filed into the district court room late Saturday afternoon, it was generally supposed that they were going to announce their adjournment. But such was not the case. When Judge Hazen found out that was not their purpose he said: "Gentlemen, this court has no authority to hasten your adjournment, it is a matter that rests entirely with yourselves. Did this court have the right I would adjourn you now, or would have done so long ago."

"You have now been in session five weeks and it seems to me you have considered everything which required your immediate attention. You have no authority which is not vested in the county attorney. Your sessions are costing the county about \$100 a day. As an officer I can say nothing, but as a citizen of Topeka and a taxpayer I would suggest that your labors are completed and that you should now adjourn."

Judge Hazen further called attention to the fact that ten indictments in five weeks had cost \$3,000 and the grand jury. Juror C. P. Bolmar inquired of the court if the grand jury could adjourn for a week or two and then reconvene in order to give the members a chance to attend to urgent private business. Judge Hazen replied that it could not do so, for when the jurors accepted their trust they did so at the risk of sacrifice to personal considerations. Judge Hazen reminded the jury also that it is no event could it stay in session beyond the end of this term of court, which will be early in January.

The jury retired to its rooms, and a motion to adjourn was lost by a vote of 5 to 10. C. P. Bolmar represents the anti-adjournment faction. He said to a JOURNAL reporter last night, "We consider our oath to do our full duty paramount to every other consideration, and we will adjourn when we have completed everything that is properly entitled to our attention. There are a number of matters still pending before the jury—what they are it would be a violation of confidence to say. We will adjourn when there is nothing more for us to do."

Samuel Kerr, foreman, is one of those who favor adjourning and going home. County Attorney H. C. Safford says the jury has a number of cases they want to investigate further before adjourning. One of them is in regard to the gambling house on east Seventh street.

## PEPPER ON FUNERALS.

He Wants to Stop the Congressional Junket.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—Senator Pepper is after even more fame than that which accrues to him as the owner of the most luxurious board in congress. He seeks to become known as the man who smashed the funeral junket. Should he accomplish his aim he would be more famous than the world-renowned man who broke the bank at Monte Carlo.

For many years it has been the custom of congress to furnish a formal escort of representatives and senators on the occasion of the funeral of a member of either house, and there has grown a suspicion based somewhat upon the size of the bills that have followed each event of this kind, that these funeral parties are not such mournful episodes as they might be. Stories have become current of empty champagne cases and other relics of jovial embellishments.

Senator Pepper's bill is brief and quite to the point. It provides simply that whenever, during a session of congress, a senator or representative shall die within the District of Columbia the house of which he is a member shall appoint a special committee of its members to properly prepare and encase the body of the deceased and forward it, in charge of a sergeant-at-arms, specially appointed, to the home of the deceased and deliver it to his family, or to relatives or friends. A second section provides that no action requiring the expenditure of public money other than thus provided for shall be taken.

## ANOTHER PARKHURST.

A Tennessee Minister Names Gamblers in His Sermon and Exposes the Police.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 10.—Rev. J. S. Jones of the Lutheran Methodist church, Knoxville, is a second Parkhurst. Last Sunday night he preached a sermon on gambling, exposing the new Schubert hotel, Sam Lane's and other places which he had failed to mention last Sunday.

He said that the city had become tired of its drunken mayor. He said that not long ago a raid had been spoiled by a policeman telephoning the room in advance.

## A \$7,000 HOUSE SOLD.

J. E. Hankla Disposes of His Fine Mansion to Mrs. Beverley.

S. M. Wood today sold the handsome residence belonging to J. E. Hankla at 1631 Fillmore street. The property was bought by Mrs. F. C. Beverley for \$7,000 cash.

Mrs. Beverley moved to Topeka about a year ago to educate her children and has concluded to make Topeka her home permanently.

Mr. Hankla has not yet decided whether he will leave Topeka or not.

## Consolidation May Cause Trouble.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—The board of supervisors of Kings county will not wind up the official canvass of the vote until today. The gubernatorial figures will not differ more than 100 or so from those given on the morning after election. There is likely to be some trouble over the consolidation figures.

## Big Steel Plant Starts Up.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Dec. 10.—Fires were started in the furnaces of Watts' steel plant, the largest basic steel plant in the United States. They will work 500 men when in full operation.

## LABOR'S APOSTLES.

The Federation of Labor Meets Today in Denver.

It is the Fourteenth Annual Convention of the Order.

## JOHN BURNS IS THERE.

The English Labor Agitator is Greeted With Applause.

President Gompers Responds to the Address of Welcome.

DENVER, Dec. 10.—The fourteenth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor was called to order by President Gompers promptly at 10 o'clock today. There were 100 delegates and spectators in Odd Fellows hall at that time and half as many more came in during the morning session. President Rhody Keegan of the Denver Trades Assembly delivered the address of welcome to which Mr. Gompers briefly responded. The latter spoke feelingly of the almost desperate condition of labor at the present time.

This was followed by complimentary words for Denver and her energetic people. Referring to the innovation of holding this convention so far west as Denver, he suggested that within a decade the westward movement of industry might take the convention of the federation to the golden gate.

After Mr. Gompers closed his remarks, Mr. John Burns, the great English labor leader entered the hall and was greeted with a storm of applause. He took his seat at the left of the president, the chair on the right being occupied by David Holmes, M. P. of London.

Thomas M. Patterson of Denver was introduced and delivered an address on "Labor's rough, but noble struggle."

One of the changes in the situation from the past, he attributed to the increase of corporations. He said that while the individual employer might feel a sympathy for his employee, the corporation could entertain no such emotion. The action of the federal government in the Pullman strike was denounced as tyranny. The general manager's association, he said, should have been held responsible for delay of the mails.

Capital, he said, controlled legislation, either by influencing elections or by purchasing the members of national and state legislatures.

A vote of thanks was given Mr. Patterson at the conclusion of his address, after which the convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

## HEAVY STORMS OUT WEST.

Snow, Sleet and Wind Do Great Damage on the Coast.

CARSON, Nev., Dec. 10.—Snow, sleet and wind have caused the worst storm here in years. The snow is badly drifted on the Virginia and Truckee railroad and has disabled a train. Two snow plows were derailed and all wires are down.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 10.—The storm caused much damage to the streets and sewers all over this city. In many of the shops there was such a flooding that goods floated in a mixture of black mud and water.

A section of the new cement sea wall in course of construction was washed away, and at Oakland, where the tide was higher than for years, the wharves were damaged badly. The total precipitation at Oakland during the storm was almost five inches in as many days.

## THIS WASN'T NICE.

But the Boys Had to Do It, and so They Did.

Gas Hanway, Robert Rightmire and David Limer rode twenty miles into the country on their bicycles yesterday morning. The weather was warm and pleasant and there was no indication of a storm.

They left for home at noon and concluded to come home by the river road. When they reached Willard on the Rock Island the weather became gloomy and they had not gone far when rain began to fall which made wheeling impossible. They dismounted and led their bicycles back to Willard to be shipped in today. There was no train due until this afternoon and so the boys walked home patiently counting the Rock Island ties on their way.

## MEXICANS WANT TO FIGHT.

Skirmishes With Guatemalan Troops Throw Them Into a Pitch of Excitement.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 10.—A special to the Star from Oaxaca, Mexico, says: Reports are received here of a number of skirmishes between the Guatemalan and Mexican troops on the border of the two countries, and the people of this part of Mexico are aroused to the highest pitch of excitement.

The Mexican troops are anxious for the war to begin, as they are confident of an easy victory over the Guatemalan forces. The volunteer troops in this state are being drilled and are ready to march to the front the moment called upon.

## Two Small Fires.

The fire at 3 p. m. last evening was at 628 Jefferson street in the home of J. Parkinson. Some bed clothing caught fire from the stove. The damage was light. There was a little blaze Sunday morning at 2 8 Adams street, caused by burning soot falling on a roof. But little damage was done.

## Mary Anderson a Mother.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—Mrs. Mary Anderson Navarro, the well known American actress, was delivered of a son on Friday last at her residence in Lexington Gardens, Kensington, this city. The child died the same day.

## 'I CAN ACT,' SAYS CORBETT.

The Prize Fighter Wants to be a Real, Sure Enough Actor.

MAMPHUS, Tenn., Dec. 10.—I am going to fight Bob Fitzsimmons, said James J. Corbett, before his departure for Texas today. "After I whip the Australian, I will retire from the ring, never to put on the gloves again."

"It is my only ambition to become an actor. I do not think I flatter myself when I believe I will make an actor. I never expect to be a Booth or a Salvini, but I think I can do light parts very creditably. When my fight with Fitzsimmons is over I intend to secure a play actor suited to my ability than I think 'Gentleman Jack' to be."

"Something in light comedy is what I want. That is the kind of business I am suited for; something like 'Wilkinson's Widows' or 'Barnes of New York.' I mean I intend to go abroad with the best company of people that money can secure. It is one of the disagreeable features of the work I am doing now that when I appear for the first time in a city I find the opera house packed with a howling mob of people who want to see Corbett, the prize fighter."

"I can act, I am satisfied that I can act, and observe that where I play several nights in a town the quality of the audience improves at each performance. While I do not take any pride in my profession, I take pride in the thought that I have elevated the ring. I believe I have."

## Fitzsimmons' Second Deposit Up.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—The second deposit in Fitzsimmons' stake of \$10,000 for his coming fight with Corbett has been paid with the stakeholder. The amount was \$2,500. This makes \$5,000 Fitzsimmons has posted. The entire amount of Corbett's stake was posted when the champion signed the articles of agreement. Fitzsimmons' next deposit is due in February.

## A WARRANT FOR SKELTON.

The Wichita Attorney Charged With Blackmail and the Fight Groves Hot.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 10.—A special to the Star from Wichita says: A new complaint was filed this afternoon against Attorney W. J. Skelton, who has brought disbarment proceedings against County Attorney Willard Boone and a warrant is out for his arrest on charge of attempted blackmail. Skelton says he will retaliate by having Boone arrested for the assault committed on him by the county attorney.

The members of the bar are ranging themselves on either side and other suits and charges and a bitter fight will doubtless be the outcome of the proceedings now pending. Judge Reed today appointed R. A. Vermillion and W. E. Stanley to prosecute the complaint against Boone.

## PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Miss Susan B. Anthony's next birthday will occur on Feb. 15, when she will be 75 years of age.

Miss Lettie Darlington, a daughter of ex-Congressman Darlington of West Chester, Pa., is about to become a lawyer.

Privy Councillor Peter Gubouin, who died a few days ago in Moscow, was one of the wealthiest men in Russia. He was the son of a peasant and was a self made man.

According to a writer in The Canadian Magazine, Louis Joseph Papineau, the leader of the Canadian insurrection in 1837, was the greatest man that French-Canada ever produced.

Mrs. Johnson of Collinsville, Ill., being wealthy and without living relatives, has permitted John W. Emerson of Ironton, Mo., to adopt her as his sister, so he can inherit her estate.

Omar V. Sage of Catskill, N. Y., who has been appointed warden of Sing Sing prison, is an ex-convict and for several years has been chief clerk of the prison department at Albany.

The Duke of Argyll, whose engagement to Miss Knox Little is announced in London, is over 70 and has been married twice already. His son, the Marquis of Lorne, married Queen Victoria's daughter, Princess Louise.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Selous are now making a wedding tour in tents through Asia Minor, attended by five servants. The celebrated lion killer and discoverer of Mashedallah is determined to shoot as many tigers as possible.

Miss Lucy Toulmin Smith, the daughter of the historian of English guilds and well known herself for a life devoted to antiquarian research, has been appointed to the new post of librarian at Manchester college, Oxford.

Sir Joseph Renals, the newly elected lord mayor of London, is a native of Nottingham. He is 61 years old and conducts a large business. He has been alderman and sheriff. Of all outdoor sports he is an ardent devotee.

Ex-Senator Ingalls' oldest son, Ellsworth, though only 28, is a successful attorney in Atchison and local counsel for two important railroads—the Union Pacific and the Santa Fe. As a politician he is chairman of the Republican central committee of his county.

Prince Hohenlohe, the new German chancellor, is just the age that Prince Bismarck was when he retired from that high office. He is personally very popular. He has always been very fond of Paris and has made it an invariable rule to visit the French capital once a year.

Steward Butler, of the insane asylum, answers Warden Chase, by making affidavit to the fact that the institution received 77 cars of coal in October and November last year against 42 cars for the same two months this year. His figures also show that 190 cars were received in 1893 days, from 1st September, 1893, to 1st March, 1894.

It's a rich treat to visit Trumbull's Art Store. A large line of beautiful pictures have just been opened.

## UNFOLDS HIS PLAN.

Mr. Carlisle Goes Before the House Currency Committee.

Explains the Features of His Currency Scheme.

## IT IS NOT UNSAFE.

He Says the Bankers' Interests Will be the Public's.

They Will Expand and Contract as Times Require.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—Secretary Carlisle appeared before the house committee on banking and currency today to present in detail the features of the new currency plan proposed in his annual report and endorsed in the president's message. He took up each section of his recommendation.

First, to repeal all laws requiring or authorizing the deposition of United States bonds as securities for circulation, and second, to permit national banks to issue notes to an unlimited capital, but require each bank before receiving notes to deposit a guarantee fund consisting of United States legal tender notes, including treasury notes of 1890, to the amount of 30 per cent upon the circulating notes applied for. This percentage of deposits upon the circulating notes outstanding to be maintained at all times, and whenever a bank retires its circulation in whole, or in part, its guarantee fund to be returned to it in proportion to the amount of notes retired.

Mr. Carlisle said he was satisfied that the present law requiring the deposit of bonds to secure circulation prevented the elasticity of the currency.

"The provisions," said Mr. Carlisle, "give ample protection without the deposit of bonds as required by the present law."

Mr. Carlisle said the practical value of a reserve fund of currency was shown in 1893. There was a demand for money, aggregating \$40,000,000. The treasury did its best to meet the stringency, but by the time the notes were ready to distribute, the demands had gone by and many of the packages of notes were returned unopened.

Chairman Springer asked how the secretary's plan differed from the Baltimore plan.

Mr. Carlisle explained the technical difference. The Baltimore plan proposed a deposit of 30 per cent under certain conditions, while the treasury plan proposed a deposit of 30 per cent. When a bank fails the treasury plan contemplated an assessment on all national banks, they in turn having a lien on the failed bank.

Representative Hall, suggested that there was a prevailing opinion that it was unsafe to place the entire question of expanding the currency in the hands of corporations and banks.

"It will work automatically," said Mr. Carlisle, "banks will not expand the currency unless the public needs it. Their interest will be to expand and contract as the common interests demand it. These interests will therefore control at all times."

The secretary stated that this flexibility was much more desirable than a rigid system by which a fixed amount of currency was always outstanding. At one time the stringency was so great that the banks drew out \$13,000,000 under the pressure, and if it had not been for the Canadian banks which sent currency into this country, serious results might have ensued. Mr. Johnson of Indiana asked if the Baltimore plan did not contemplate government liability.

Mr. Carlisle said that the ultimate liability was on the government by the Baltimore plan and on the banks by his plan.

## SPECIAL ELECTION LIKELY

Mr. Lawrence's Successor May be Elected by Special Consent.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 10.—A special to the Star from Wichita says: It is understood a special election will be called at once to fill the legislative seat made vacant in the Sixty-seventh district by the death of Major Lawrence.

Governor Lowell intimated that if the several county central committees would agree to waive the formalities of the law which requires that nominations shall be certified so long before an election, he would issue the necessary call, so that the election could be held before the new year when a fresh registration would be necessary.

The committees have agreed to this, and the technical objections to an election raised by the attorney general will be overlooked.

## GOLD WILL GO SOON.

Sterling Exchange is Higher and Shipments Will Begin Soon.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—A Wall street circular says: It seems practically certain that no gold will be exported before Saturday. Sterling exchange, however, is strong and rather higher, with the indication that gold will certainly be shipped at the end of the week.

Sight sterling is 4.89 1/2 less a brokerage. Bankers are asking even higher than that in some instances. There is no change in the condition of the market.

## KANSAS POSTMASTER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—The president today sent to the senate the following nominations for postmaster: Horace Joint, Horton, Kansas; Charles H. Miller, Osawatomie, Kansas.

J. C. Black Named U. S. Attorney. WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—Representative John C. Black of Illinois, ex-commissioner of pensions, has been nominated to be United States district attorney at Chicago, vice Sherwood Dixon, recently deceased.

## ST. JOE AND GRAND ISLAND

A Suit That Was an Important Factor in State Politics Is Decided.

The United States court of appeals at St. Louis has decided the famous St. Joe and Grand Island bridge case, which was an important factor in state politics two years ago.

This bridge property had up to the time of the last Republican administration been assessed as a part of the property of Doniphan county, but when the state board of railroad assessors of which C. G. Stover, C. M. Hovey and John N. Ives were members, assessed railroad property of the state they also assessed the St. Joe & Grand Island bridge.

Cyrus Leland who has been a member of the board of county commissioners of Doniphan county for many years contended that the railroad assessors had no business to assess the bridge and that it should be assessed by the township assessor where it was located.

Injunction proceedings were brought in the United States court here to restrain the sheriff from collecting the taxes. Commissioner Leland made a political issue of the bridge case and, in Republican circles, it is generally admitted that it was the light on this bridge matter, along with their other blunders as railroad assessors, that prevented Messrs. Hovey and Stover from being re-nominated two years ago.

About a year ago Judge Riner decided this case in favor of the Doniphan county officials and it was appealed to the Court of Appeals at St. Louis, which has now confirmed the decision of Judge Riner, making a big victory for Cy Leland, complete.

One year's taxes on this bridge amount to about \$5,000, and a second suit had been instituted to prevent the collection of last year's taxes, but this suit was dismissed on the receipt of the decision of the court of appeals from St. Louis.

## TO BRING HIS FAMILY.

Gov. Morrill Will Make His Home Here During the Winter.

Governor-elect E. N. Morrill arrived in Topeka today and is at the Copeland, where he will be all the week after tomorrow.

TOPEKA JOURNAL reporter Governor Morrill said he would attend the celebration of the completion of the Atchison electric railway tomorrow and then will return to Topeka and expects to be here most of the time until the first of January.

He said he had not yet decided upon any of his office assistants except his private secretary, but would likely name his executive clerk and stenographers some time during the week.

When asked if his family would move to Topeka and reside here during his administration, Governor Morrill said that he expected to retain his present home in Hiawatha, especially during the summer, but would like to find some suitable rooms near the state house and the Copeland so that he could take his meals at the hotel during the winter.

## Great Interest in Municipal League.

MINNEAPOLIS, Dec. 10.—The interest which the meeting of the National Municipal league has created was shown last evening. The announcement that different speakers attending the conference would address the congregations of five churches attracted in every instance a packed auditorium. In some cases chairs were necessary in the open spaces to accommodate the people with seats.

## Important to Men of Fashion.

"I beg of the young men that still wear very long frock coats and think themselves well dressed to stop it at once," says The Sanitizer in Town Topics. "The long frock coat has been out of fashion for weeks, and London coats are now made extremely short, ending above the